

1983 Lakeshore Drive Muskegon, Michigan 49441

July 20, 2005

Chief, Regulations & Procedures Division Alcohol & Tobacco Tax & Trade Bureau ATTN: Notice No. 41 P.O. Box 14412 Washington DC 20044-4412

Dear Chief:

Current federal alcohol beverage label regulations do not allow most beer, wine and distilled spirits companies to provide information about their products so that consumers can make informed choices about what to drink and how much to drink. TTB is to be commended for seeking public comment on this proposed change in regulations.

Food, soft drinks, over-the-counter drugs, and even dietary supplements provide consumers with basic information on the label. Alcohol beverages (with few exceptions) are the only major class of consumable goods that do not provide this type of information on the label. TTB should allow labels voluntarily to list information such as serving size and servings per container, as well as alcohol, calories, fat, carbohydrates and protein per serving.

Of all this information, the amount of alcohol per serving would be highly beneficial for consumers to have. Allowing placement of this information on beer, wine and distilled spirits labels will help consumers to better understand the government's advice with regards to moderation of alcohol consumption. In fact, given the wide variety of formulations, container sizes and alcohol concentrations in today's products, and the regulatory disparities as to what information may be placed on beer, wine and distilled spirits labels, some consumers might welcome more information about how particular products relate to such advice.

Consumer Serving Facts will be more meaningful if TTB makes clear in this rulemaking what constitutes a "serving." This is the essential fact that will allow consumers to make more informed comparisons between products and better understand what is in a standard serving of any alcohol beverage.

The standard serving definition of alcoholic beverages (12 ounces of regular beer, 5 ounces of table wine and 1.5 ounces of 80 proof distilled spirits) is one widely used by U.S. government agencies, public health groups, consumer groups, and a majority of state driver's license manuals. It makes sense to use the same definition as the benchmark for labels.

I urge TTB to act expeditiously to promulgate a regulation that permits meaningful consumer-oriented Serving Facts on beer, wine and spirits labels Meanwhile, I urge TTB to allow manufacturers to provide this kind of

truthful, non-misleading information on labels while the rulemaking process proceeds.

Sincerely,

Steve Warmington

Owner